Reg. No. :

## Question Paper Code :X 10143

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV/DEC 2020 AND APRIL/MAY 2021 Second Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

## BE 8255 – BASIC ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONICS AND MEASUREMENT ENGINEERING (Common to Information Technology/Artificial Intelligence and Data Science/

Computer Science and Business System)

(Regulations 2017)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART - A

(10×2=20 Marks)

- 1. State superposition theorem.
- 2. State Kirchoff's voltage and current law.
- 3. List out the advantages of brushless DC motor.
- 4. State the principle of brushless DC motor.
- 5. Mention some of the uses of renewable energy sources.
- 6. Mention the disadvantages of Pb acid batteries.
- 7. Illustrate with a neat diagram the difference between p-n and n-p junction.
- 8. What is an integrator ?
- 9. Name any two instruments for electrical measurements.
- 10. What is meant by parallax error?

## PART – B (5×13=65 Marks)

- 11. a) Outline the series and parallel circuit analysis with inductive network. (OR)
  - b) Explain Norton's theorem for electrical analysis.

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12. a) Outline the emf and torque equation of DC rotating machines.

(OR)

- b) What is a transformer ? Mention its types and interpret its emf equation.
- 13. a) Determine the energy tariff calculation for domestic loads.

(OR)

- b) Analyse the charge and discharge characteristics of NiCd and Li ion batteries.
- 14. a) Describe briefly about Multivibrator using 555 Timer IC.

(OR)

- b) Describe in short about voltage regulator using IC LM 317.
- 15. a) Illustrate briefly about moving coil and moving iron meters.

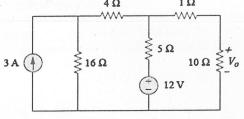
(OR)

b) Compare in detail on thermoelectric and piezoelectric transducers.

PART - C

(1×15=15 Marks)

16. a) State Thevinin's theorem. Apply this theorem to determine the equivalent resistance of the given circuit.  $_{4\Omega}$ 





b) Explain in detail the maximum power transfer theorem. Determine the value of load resistance,  $\rm R_L$  for which maximum power will transfer from source to load.

